

# Archaeological Monitoring on land at the Isle of Sheppey Holiday Village, Warden Bay Road, Leysdown, Sheerness, Kent ME12 4LX

Planning Application Number: 22/502517

Site Code: SHEER/WB/24



Date of report 16/04/2024

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## **1. Summary**

*In April 2024 SWAT Archaeology carried out a programme of archaeological monitoring and recording on land at the Isle of Sheppey Holiday Village, Warden Bay Road, Leysdown in Kent. The works were commissioned by the landowner and carried out during the excavation of ground works associated with the new development of the erection of a purpose-built Wardens accommodation and creation of a new access.*

*The Watching Brief was conducted in accordance with an archaeological Watching Brief Written Scheme of Investigation provided by SWAT Archaeology.*

*Despite the potential for the presence and survival of archaeological remains, no archaeological features or finds were recorded during the archaeological monitoring works.*

## **2.0 Introduction**

The proposed development area (PDA) is situated on land at the Sheppey Holiday Village, Warden Bay Road, Leysdown, Sheerness in Kent. The NGR to the centre of the site is 602550 170664 (Figures 1-2).

## **2.2 Planning Background**

The land has a planning permission for the erection of a purpose-built Wardens Accommodation and creation of a new access. The Local Planning Authority's (Swale Borough Council) planning reference for the proposal is 22/502517/FULL

The following Condition (4) requiring a programme of archaeological monitoring was attached to the planning consent:

*(4) No development shall take place until the applicant, or their agents or successors in title has secured the implementation of a watching brief to be undertaken by an archaeologist approved by the Local Planning Authority so that the groundworks are observed and items of interest and finds are recorded. The watching brief shall be in accordance with a written scheme of investigation which has been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority.*

*REASON: To ensure that features of archaeological interest are properly examined and recorded*

## **3.0 Schedule of Visits**

An archaeologist suitably experienced attended the site (Dr Paul Wilkinson MCIfA) and closely monitored the excavation works on the 8<sup>th</sup> April 2024.

## **4.1 Aims and Objectives**

4.1. The specific aims of the archaeological work and objectives of the monitoring were therefore to:

- To ensure the archaeological excavation and monitoring of all aspects of the development programme likely to affect buried archaeological remains;
- To secure the adequate recording of any archaeological remains revealed by

the development programme;

- To secure the full analysis and interpretation of the site archive and the appropriate publication of the project results, if required;
- To secure the analysis, long term conservation and storage of the project archive.

4.2 The specific archaeological requirements of the watching brief are summarised below;

- Monitoring of all ground works;
- Mitigation by a programme of archaeological excavation and recording in the event that additional archaeological remains are encountered;
- Post-excavation and publication, where required.

#### 4.2. Proposed Groundworks.

The ground works were to excavate the ground for steel screwed footings (Plates 1-4. Figures 1-2).

4.3. A full programme of proposed works by the contractor were made available to SWAT Archaeology before the on-site monitoring took place.

#### 4.4. Confidence Rating

No factors hindered the recognition of archaeological and deposits during the monitoring and recording exercise.

### 5.0 Archaeological and Geological Background

5.1 The geology of the site according to the British Geological Survey is London Clay Formation- Clay and Silt. The Ordnance Datum for the site is about 12m aOD.

5.2 The proposed development area (PDA) is within an Area of Archaeological Potential and a search of the KCCHER has revealed that the Proposed Development Area (PDA) has a number of important archaeological finds and sites in the vicinity of the PDA and include that about 60m NNW two Neolithic pits were identified, possibly three and also pottery from later archaeological deposits across the site were found (TR 07 SW 25). About 100m

SSW Bronze Age and Early Iron Age occupation features have also been found (TR 07 27 & TR 07 SW 26) and about 120m SSW Anglo Saxon and Medieval activity has been recorded (TR 07 SW 28 & 29).

## **6.0 Methodology**

6.1. The Archaeological Investigations were conducted in accordance with the Archaeological Specification provided by SWAT Archaeology.

6.2 The works comprised the close monitoring and supervision of all ground works, including the inspection of subsoil and natural deposits for archaeological features and finds. All fieldwork was conducted in accordance with the methodology set out in the WSI and carried out in compliance with the standards outlined in the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists' Standards Guidance for Archaeological Watching Brief (CIfA 2017).

6.3. All excavation was carried out under the constant supervision of an experienced archaeologist (Dr Paul Wilkinson MCIfA).

6.4. Where possible some areas of excavation were subsequently closely examined with the intention of revealing any observed features in plan and section but no features were revealed.

6.5. If found archaeological features under threat were to be excavated to enable sufficient information about form, development date and stratigraphic relationships to be recorded without prejudice to more extensive investigations, should these prove to be necessary.

6.6 Excavation of the area for the screwed steel foundation footings was carried out by building contractors inserting with a small machine (Plates 1-6). All areas of screwed were carried out under the constant supervision of an experienced archaeologist and inspected and recorded by the archaeologist in attendance (See Table 1, below).

## 6.8 Timetable

Archaeological monitoring was carried out on the following days;

<i><b>Task</b></i>	<i><b>Date</b></i>	<i><b>Staff</b></i>
Archaeological monitoring	8 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	Paul Wilkinson SWAT

**Table 1 Attendance Schedule**

## 6.9 Recording

6.9.1 A complete drawn record comprising both plans and sections, drawn to appropriate scales (1:20 for plans, 1:10 for sections) was undertaken. Where appropriate, the plans and sections were annotated with coordinates and aOD heights and form part of the site archive.

6.9.2 Photographs were to be taken as appropriate providing a record of excavated footings but no features or archaeological deposits were revealed. The record also includes images of the site overall. The photographic record comprises digital photography. A photographic register of all photographs taken is contained within the project archive (Plates 1-4).

6.9.3 A single context recording system was used to record the deposits. A full list is presented in Table 2 below. Layers and fills are identified in this report thus (001), whilst the cut of any features is shown [100]. Context numbers were assigned to all deposits for recording purposes.

### 6.9.4 Stratigraphic Sequence

6.9.5 The stratigraphic sequence recorded during the archaeological works remained relatively consistent across all areas of the site, comprising areas of subsoil topped by brick rubble and tarmac. The following table provides detailed description of each stratigraphic context.

#### 6.9.6

<b>Context Number</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Interpretation</b>
001	Tarmac	Overburden (Plates 1-4)
002	Brown Grey subsoil	Natural (Plates 2-4)

*Table 2 Stratigraphic Sequence and Register of Contexts*

6.10. The site produced no archaeological features or deposits or finds and no environmental potential was recognised on site.

The Site Archive, which will include; paper records, photographic records, graphics and digital data, will be prepared following nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1995; ClfA 2017. All archive elements will be marked with the site/accession code, and a full index will be prepared. The physical archive comprises 1 file/document case of paper records & A4 graphics and CD for photo archive.

#### 6.11 Results

6.11.1 No archaeological features or finds were revealed or recovered. The natural geology encountered across the site was brown grey subsoil topped by brick rubble and tarmac. No archaeological features were revealed in the subsoil or natural geology and no archaeological finds retrieved from the area watched (Figures 1-2). The trenching for footings were steel screwed piles which does not give much of an opportunity to observe archaeological features. The alterations to the main entrance are to be a new brick pier on existing foundations. OD height across the PDA was about 12m aOD (Plates 1-4). Overall areas watched were the footprint foundation steel screwed footings of the proposed cabin (Figures 1-2. Plates 1-4).

#### 7.0 Finds

No finds were retrieved.



## **8.0 Discussion**

The development site is in an area of high archaeological potential. However, no archaeology was revealed on the development site.

## **9.0 Conclusion**

The Archaeological Investigation has fulfilled the primary aims and objectives of the SWAT Archaeological Specification. As far as it is known no buried archaeological features have been affected as a result of the development.

## **10.0 Acknowledgments**

SWAT Archaeology would like to thank the landowner/developer for commissioning the project. Fieldwork was undertaken and report written by Dr Paul Wilkinson MCIfA.

## **11.0 REFERENCES**

ADS 2013. Caring for Digital Data in Archaeology: a guide to good practice, Archaeology Data Service & Digital Antiquity Guides to Good Practice

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014, updated 1st October 2020 *Standard and guidance: for watching Brief.*

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014, updated 1<sup>st</sup> October 2020. *Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives.*

SMA 1993. *Selection, Retention and Dispersal of Archaeological Collections*, Society of Museum Archaeologists.

## **Appendix 1 KCCHER Summary Form**

**Site Name:** Development of land at the Isle of Sheppey Holiday Village, Warden Bay Road, Leysdown, Sheerness, Kent ME12 4LX

**SWAT Site Code:** SHEER/WB/24

**Site Address:** As above

### **Summary:**

Swale and Thames Survey Company (SWAT) carried out Archaeological Monitoring on the development site above. The site has planning permission for development whereby the KCC Principal Archaeological Officer requested that Archaeological Watching Brief be undertaken to closely monitor the possible impact of the development on any archaeological remains. The Archaeological Monitoring consisted of site attendance and supervision which encountered no buried archaeological features or artefacts.

**District/Unitary:** Swale Borough Council

**Period(s):**

**NGR (centre of site to eight figures)** 602550 170664

**Type of Archaeological work:** Archaeological Watching Brief

**Date of recording:** April 2024

**Unit undertaking recording:** Swale and Thames Survey Company (SWAT. Archaeology)

**Geology:** Bedrock geology of London Clay Formation- Clay and Silt

**Title and author of accompanying report:** Wilkinson P. (2024) Archaeological Watching Brief on land at the Isle of Sheppey Holiday Village, Warden Bay Road, Leysdown, Sheerness, Kent

**Summary of fieldwork results (begin with earliest period first, add NGRs where appropriate)**

See above

**Location of archive/finds:** SWAT. Archaeology. Graveney Rd, Faversham, Kent. ME13 8UP

## Plates



Plate 1. Setting out and starting ground boring for steel foundation screws (looking East)



Plate 2. Ground boring -1m scale (looking NE)





Plate 3. Setting out and ground boring- 1m scale (looking West)



Plate 4. Ground boring- 1m scale (looking NW)



Figure 1. KCCHER map of site location at NGR 602550 170664 (red arrow)

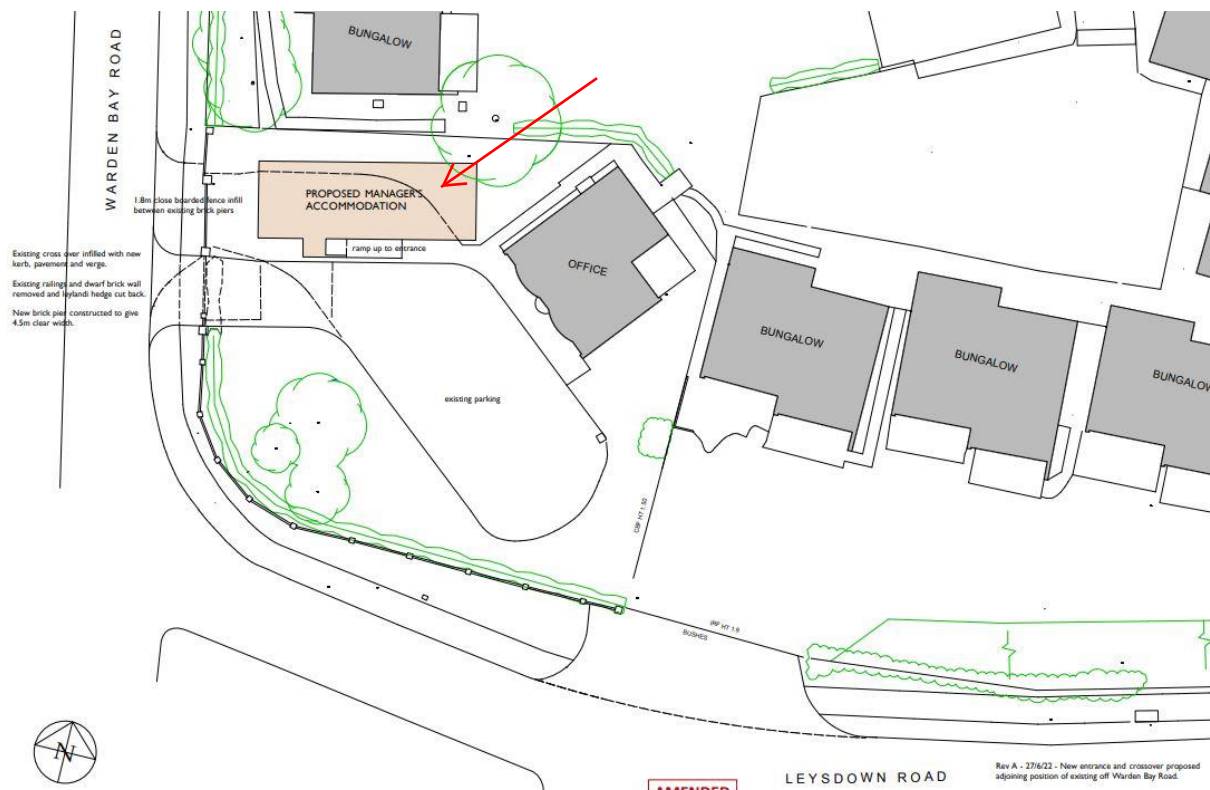


Figure 2. Proposed area of development (red arrow)